

## 一百零四學年度第二學期微積分會考試題 (A 卷)

說明:

- (1) 答題之前請先檢查所取得之試卷與答案卷是否正確。
- (2) 測驗時間 110 分鐘。試卷加答案卷、答案卡共計 6 頁。
- (3) 試卷包括選擇題與填充題，總分共計 100 分，占學期成績之 30%。考卷成績將做為微積分獎給獎依據。
- (4) 請先確實在答案卡與答案卷填入相關個人資料。答題時請依題號作答，否則不予計分。

◎ 單選擇題 (單選十題，每題五分，共五十分，答錯不倒扣)

1. The **slope** of the tangent line of the curve  $r = 2 + \sin\theta$  at  $\theta = \frac{\pi}{4}$  is  
(A)  $-1$ ; (B)  $-1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$ ; (C)  $2$ ; (D)  $-2 + \sqrt{2}$ .
2. The **area** of the region bounded by  $|x|^{\frac{1}{3}} + |y|^{\frac{1}{3}} = 1$  is  
(A)  $\frac{1}{20}$ ; (B)  $\frac{1}{10}$ ; (C)  $\frac{1}{5}$ ; (D)  $\frac{1}{2}$ .
3. The interval of convergence of  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left[ \ln \left( 1 + \frac{2}{\sqrt{n}} \right) \right] x^n$  is  
(A)  $(-1,1)$ ; (B)  $[-1,1)$ ; (C)  $(-2,2)$ ; (D)  $[-2,2]$ .
4. Let  $h(t) = \frac{\sin(t)}{t}$ , if  $t \neq 0$ ;  $h(0) = 1$ , and  $f(x) = \int_0^x h(t)dt$ . Then  $f^{(5)}(0) =$   
(A)  $\frac{1}{5}$ ; (B)  $-\frac{1}{4}$ ; (C)  $\frac{1}{3}$ ; (D)  $-\frac{1}{2}$ .
5. If  $f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  is differentiable, and if  $F(x, y) = y + f(x^2 - y^2)$ , then  
$$y \frac{\partial F(x, y)}{\partial x} + x \frac{\partial F(x, y)}{\partial y} =$$
  
(A)  $0$ ; (B)  $x$ ; (C)  $y$ ; (D)  $2xyf'(x^2 - y^2)$ .

6. The limit  $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{x \sin(y)}{x^2 + y^2} =$
- (A) 0;      (B)  $\frac{1}{2}$ ;      (C) 1;      (D) Does not exist.
7. The iterated integral  $\int_0^1 \int_x^1 2 \sin(y^2) dy dx =$
- (A)  $\cos 1 - 1$ ;      (B)  $1 + \sin 1 - \cos 1$ ;  
 (C)  $1 - \cos 1$ ;      (D)  $1 + \sin 1$ .
8. The **surface area** over the disk  $x^2 + y^2 \leq 2$  of the circular paraboloid  $z = x^2 + y^2$  is
- (A)  $\frac{52}{27}\pi$ ;      (B)  $\frac{5}{6}\pi$ ;      (C)  $\frac{13}{3}\pi$ ;      (D)  $\frac{\pi}{6}(17\sqrt{17} - 1)$ .
9. Let  $a_1 = 0, a_2 = 1$  and  $a_{n+1} = \frac{2}{3}a_n + \frac{1}{3}a_{n-1}$  for  $n \geq 2$ . The **limit** of  $a_n$  is
- (A)  $\frac{1}{3}$ ;      (B)  $\frac{1}{2}$ ;      (C)  $\frac{2}{3}$ ;      (D)  $\frac{3}{4}$ .
10. The value of the double integral  $\iint_D \frac{x-y}{x+y} dA$ , where  $D$  is the square with vertices  $(0,2), (1,1), (2,2)$  and  $(1,3)$ , is
- (A)  $-\ln(2)$ ;      (B)  $-2 \ln(2)$ ;      (C)  $3 \ln(2)$ ;      (D)  $6 \ln(2)$ .
- ◎ 多選擇題（多選五題，每題五分，共二十五分。答錯一個選項扣兩分，錯兩個選項以上不給分，分數不倒扣）
11. Let  $f(x, y) = -x^3 + 4xy - y^2 + 1$ . Which of the following statements are **true** ?
- (A)  $f$  has a local minimum at  $(\frac{8}{3}, \frac{16}{3})$ ;  
 (B)  $f$  has a local maximum at  $(0,0)$ ;  
 (C)  $f$  has two critical points;  
 (D)  $f$  has one saddle point.

12. Suppose  $0 \leq a_n \leq b_n$  and  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b_n$  is convergent. Which of the following statements must be **true** ?

- (A)  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sqrt{b_n}$  is convergent;  
 (B)  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \sqrt{a_n b_n}$  is convergent;  
 (C)  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n b_n$  is convergent;  
 (D)  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n a_n b_n$  is convergent.

13. Which of the following series are **divergent**?

- (A)  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{5}{4n-3\ln n-7}$  ;                      (B)  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \tan\left(\frac{1}{n}\right)$  ;  
 (C)  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (\sqrt[n]{2}-1)^n$  ;                      (D)  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{e^n+n}{e^{2n}-n^2}$ .

14. Let  $f(x, y) = \begin{cases} \frac{x^2 y}{x^4 + y^2} & \text{if } (x, y) \neq (0, 0), \\ 0 & \text{if } (x, y) = (0, 0). \end{cases}$  Which of the following statements are

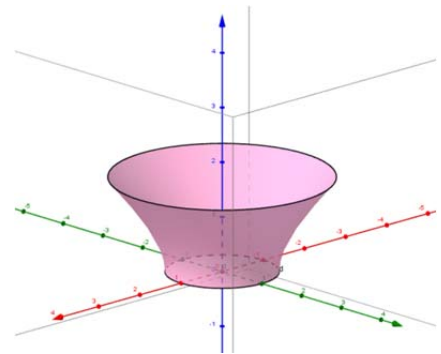
**true** ?

- (A)  $f_x(0,0) = f_y(0,0) = 0$ ;  
 (B)  $f$  is continuous at  $(0,0)$ ;  
 (C)  $f$  is differentiable at  $(0,0)$ ;  
 (D)  $D_{\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\right)} f(0,0) = \frac{3}{2}$ .

15. Which of the following iterated integrals are equal to the triple integral

$\iiint_E f(x, y, z) dV$  ? Where  $E$  is the solid bounded by the hyperboloid of one sheet  $x^2 + y^2 - z^2 = 1$  and planes  $z = \sqrt{3}$  and  $z = 0$ .

- (A)  $\int_{-1}^1 \int_{-\sqrt{1-x^2}}^{\sqrt{1-x^2}} \int_{\sqrt{x^2+y^2-1}}^{\sqrt{3}} f(x, y, z) dz dy dx$  ;  
 (B)  $\int_0^{\sqrt{3}} \int_{-\sqrt{z^2+1}}^{\sqrt{z^2+1}} \int_{-\sqrt{z^2-x^2+1}}^{\sqrt{z^2-x^2+1}} f(x, y, z) dy dx dz$  ;  
 (C)  $\int_0^{\sqrt{3}} \int_{-\sqrt{z^2+1}}^{\sqrt{z^2+1}} \int_{-\sqrt{z^2-y^2+1}}^{\sqrt{z^2-y^2+1}} f(x, y, z) dx dy dz$  ;  
 (D)  $\int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^1 \int_{\sqrt{r^2-1}}^{\sqrt{3}} f(r \cos \theta, r \sin \theta, z) r dz dr d\theta$ .



◎ 填空题 (五题, 每题五分, 共二十五分, 答错不倒扣)

1. The **length** of the curve  $r = \cos^3\left(\frac{\theta}{3}\right)$ ,  $0 \leq \theta \leq \frac{\pi}{4}$ , is (1).

2. The **absolute maximum** of  $f(x, y) = -\frac{2y}{x^2+y^2+4}$  on

$D = \{(x, y) : x^2 + y^2 \leq 1\}$  is (2).

3. Let  $f(x, y) = \begin{cases} x^2 \tan^{-1} \frac{y}{x} - y^2 \tan^{-1} \frac{x}{y} & \text{if } xy \neq 0, \\ 0 & \text{if } xy = 0. \end{cases}$  Then  $f_{xy}(0, 0) =$   
(3).

4. The **tangent plane equation** of the surface  $\sin(xyz) = x + 2y + 3z$  through the point  $(2, -1, 0)$  is (4).

5. The **volume** of the solid that lies within the sphere  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 4$ , above the  $xy$ -plane, and below the cone  $z = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$  is (5).

